

NATIONAL BIORESOURCE DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Dept. of Biotechnology
Government of India, New Delhi

For office use:

MARINE BIORESOURCES

FORMS DATA ENTRY: Form- 1(general) Ref. No.:
(please answer only relevant fields; add additional fields if you require)

| | | |
|---|---|------------------|
| Fauna : | Flora | √ Microorganisms |
| General Category Eukaryota, Fungi, Ascomycota (Ascosporegenous yeast) | | |
| Scientific name & Authority: <i>Debaryomyces vanriji</i> (van der Walt et Tscheuschner) Abadie, Pignal et Jacob (1963) | | |
| Common Name (if available) : | | |
| Synonyms: <i>Pichia vanriji</i> van der Walt et Tscheuschner (1956) <i>Azymomyces vanrij</i> (van der Walt et Tscheuschner) Novak et Zsolt (1961) <i>Torulasporea formicaria</i> (Golubev et Babjeva) van der Walt et Johannsen (1975) | | |
| Author(s): Same as given in synonyms. Ref. The Yeast ed. III (1984) | | Status |
| Classification: | | |
| Phylum: Ascomycota | Sub- Phylum: Saccharomycotina | |
| Super class | Class: Saccharomycetes | |
| Sub- Class | | |
| Super Order: | Order: Saccharomycetales | |
| Super Family | Family: Saccharomycetaceae | |
| Sub-Family | | |
| Genus: <i>Debaryomyces</i> | Species: <i>vanriji</i> | |
| Authority: Reference No. Prasad G.S., Suzuki M.; unpublished. (Japan Collection of Microorganisms; 2-1, Hirosawa, Wako-shi, Saitama) | | |
| Geographical Location: | | |
| Latitude: | Place: Andaman Sea and off the bar mouth Cochin Backwaters. (Isolated from water samples at 5-10 m depth) | |
| Longitude: | State: Kerala, EEZ OF Indian Coast | |

Environment

Fresh water : Yes/ No

Habitat :

Salinity :

Brackish : Yes/ No

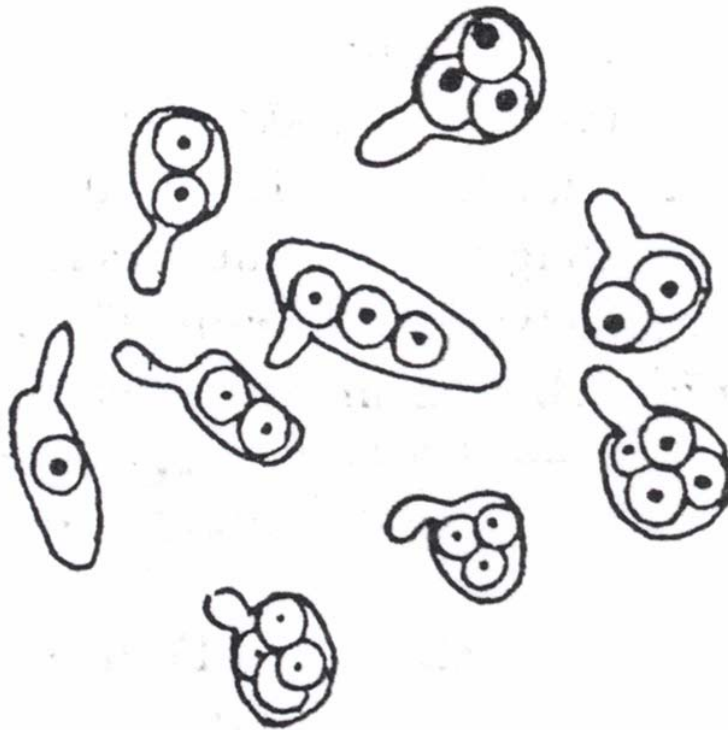
Migrations :

Temperature :

Salt water : Yes/ No

Depth range :

Picture (scanned images or photographs of adult / larval stages)



Deb. vanriji
14 days on V8 agar
Ascospores in the cells

Ref: The Yeast ed II (1970)

DATA ENTRY FORM: Form- 2(Fish / shellfish / others)
(please answer only relevant fields ; add additional fields if you require)
Form –1 Ref.No.:

IMPORTANCE

Landing statistics (t/y) : from to Place : Ref .
No.:

Main source of landing : Yes/ No Coast: east/ west

Importance to fisheries :

Main catching method :

Used for aquaculture :yes/ never/ rarely

Used as bait: yes/no/ occasionally

Aquarium fish :yes/ no/ rarely

Game fish : yes/ no

Dangerous fish :poisonous/ harmful/ harmless

Bioactivity : locally known/ reported/ not known Details:

Period of availability: Throughout the year – yes/ no If no, months:

SALIENT FEATURES :

Morphological:

Standard description of *Debaryomyces vanriji* var. *vanriji*

Growth in Malt extract: After 2 days at 25°C the cells are spherical to short-oval, (3 – 8.5) X (3 – 20) µm; single or in groups. A sediment and a white, wrinkled creeping pellicle are formed. After one month at 17°C a sediment and a dull pellicle are present.

Growth on Malt agar: After one month at 17°C the streak culture is yellow or yellowish-brown, dull or dull-glistening, smooth with a sinuous margin.

Slide cultures on Potato and Corn meal agar: Primitive pseudomycelia are abundantly formed.

Formation of Ascospores: Conjugation between mother cell and bud precedes ascus formation. The spores are spherical; one to four are formed per ascus. The spore wall is warty which is not always visible under the light microscope, but distinct in scanning micrographs (Kurtzman et; 1975) and in ultra thin sections (Santa-Maria & Garcia Aser, 1971).

Spores were observed on V8-, acetate-, arbutin-, YM-, Malt-, Potato-, and Corn Meal agar and in the pellicle on the Malt extract.

Diagnostic characteristics: -

a) Biochemical

Fermentation:-

Glucose +vw or - Maltose -
Galactose - Lactose -
Sucrose +vw or -

Assimilation of carbon compounds

| | | | | | |
|------------|---|----------------|-------|---------------|---|
| Galactose | + | Raffinose | + | Erythritol | + |
| Sucrose | + | Soluble starch | + | Ribitol | + |
| Maltose | + | D-Xylose | + | D-Mannitol | + |
| Cellobiose | + | L-Arabinose | +(vw) | Succinic acid | + |
| Trehalose | + | D-Ribose | + | Citric acid | + |
| Lactose | - | L-Rhamnose | v | Inositol | - |

Splitting of arbutin: +

Assimilation of nitrate: -

Growth in vitamin - free medium: +

Growth on 50%(w/w) glucose – yeast extract agar: +(w)

Growth at 37 °C : +

G+C: 33.2-33.3 mol. %

Ref. The Yeast ed. III (1984)

b) rRNA sequences

Sequence 575 BP; 162 A; 100 C; 112 G; 201 T; 0 other;

```
tgcggaagga tcattacagt attcttttgc cagcgcttaa ttgcgcgcg aaaaacctta 60
cacactatgt tttttggtat tacaagaact attgctttgg tctgtctcta gaaatagagt 120
tgggccagag gtttaactaa acttcaattt tatattgaat tgtttctaata taaaatgtc 180
aatttggtga ttaatttcaa aaaatcttca aaacttcaa caacggatct cttggttctc 240
gcatcgatga agaacgcagc gaaatgcatg aagtaatatg aattgcagat tttcgtgaat 300
catcgaatct ttgaacgcac attgcccct ctggtattcc agagggcatg cctgtttgag 360
cgctatttct ctctcaaacc tttgggtttg gtattgagtg atactcttag tcgaactagg 420
cgtttgcttg aaatgtatcg gcatgagtag tactgaatag tgcttcaaga ctttttcaat 480
gtattagggt tatccaactc gttgaatggt ttagtagtaa atttttggta ttattggctc 540
ggccttcaaa tacaacaaac aagtttgacc tcaaa 575
```

(SRS Release 7.1.1 Copyright © 1997-2003 LION bioscience AG. All Rights Reserved. Terms of Use Feedback)

Sex attributes:

Descriptive characters:

Meristic characteristics :

Feeding habit:

Main food :

Feeding type :

Additional remarks :

| | |
|---|------------|
| Size and age : | |
| Maximum length (cm) (male / female/ unsexed) | Ref. No.: |
| Average length (cm) (male / female / unsexed) | Ref . No.: |
| Maximum weight : (g) (male / female / unsexed) | Ref.No.: |
| Average weight :(g) (male / female / unsexed) | Ref No.: |
| Longevity (y) (wild) : (captivity) | Ref . No.: |
| Length / weight relationships: | |

| | |
|--|------------|
| Eggs and larvae: | Ref . No.: |
| Characteristics: | |
| Abundance: | |
| Biochemical aspects: | |
| Proximate analysis: moisture/ fat/ protein/ carbohydrate/ash | Ref. No. |
| Electrophoresis: | Ref. No. |

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| SPAWNING INFORMATION: | |
| Locality: | Main Ref: |
| Season: | |
| Fecundity: | |
| Comment: | |

| |
|---|
| <p>MAJOR PUBLICATIONS (INDIAN): (include review articles, monographs, books etc.)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Internal Reports of NIO's EIA studies. 2.Ph.D. Thesis of N.Prabhakaran 1990 (CUSAT, Kochi) 3. Prasad G.S., Suzuki M.; unpublished. (Japan Collection of Microorganisms; 2-1, Hirose, Wako-shi, Saitama) <p>LIST OF INDIAN EXPERTS(Name, address, phone, fax, e-mail etc.)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Dr (Mrs) Ranu Gupta, NIO,RC, PBox.1616, Kochi 682014. e-mail drngupta@rediffmail.com Res.Ph.0484 2538067 2 Dr.G.S.Prasad, IMTECH, Chandigarh. <p>ACKNOWLEDGMENT: (List of persons who contributed, modified or checked information) Assisted by Project Assistant Mrs.Maria Honey</p> |
|---|

